CLOSING BATES Festerday of cotton and gold: New mindful of their utterly helpless condi-York, cotton, 1240; Memphia, 114c. tion, and that as women, though de-New York, g./d closed at 1121; Mem-

# phis, 1111.

WEATHER PROBABILITIES.

WAR DEPT. OFFICE CH. BIG. OFFICER. For the gulf States, Tennessee and the Ohio valley, stationary and rising barometer, southeast to southwest winds. and continued warm and partly cloudy weather.

The upper Mississippl and the upper Ohio rivers will continue rising.

THE circular of the Liverpool cottonbrokers' association, as we were advised by telegraph last night, says that cotton circumstances attending the posting of has been in increased demand, but the the stock of lard on the bulletin of the supply is abundant. For American there has been more inquiry, but the prices of all qualities are unchanged.

THE Holly Springs Reporter and Holly Springs South are both for Col-onel Van H. Manning for congress in the bulletin boards of the exchange the county (Marshall) ought to have an oppertunity of giving a candidate to the a Lafayette county man ever since the days of Mr. Jacob Thompson.

THE New York Times is working hard for Offenbach. In a recent issue it mays: " The opera bouffe is simply the sexual instinct expressed in melody, and italibretto is a new 'Heptameron,' eclipsing in decency the boldcat efforts of Queen Margaret." That ought to be good for as many full houses as Offenbach wants. Everybody will want to see what is so naughty. Ever since the days of Adam and Eve, curiosity has been the unconquerable passion of frail humanity.

SENATOR BOOTH says he does not intend to pay any attention to his nomination for Vice-President, not regarding it as a matter worth especial notice. He says there are only two points of accord between his financial views and those of the Greenback convention; namely: that United States legal-tender notes abould be substituted for all national hank notes, and that the easiest way to bring them up to gold standard and provide for their redemption is through the interconvertible three sixty-five bond

FROM the foreshadowed report of the sub-committee on navy-yards, it appears probable that the number of yards is to be materially decreased, not more than two or three ultimately surviving. "Of course," says the New York Tribune, "there will be some awful shricks of locality before the useless concerns are closed, but the hope of cff cting a great economy will close the public ear india and England in. to the cuteries of the sufferers," And for this great economy the country is in large part Indebted to General Whitthorne, of this State, who, as chairman of the committee on naval affairs, has so closely investigated navel affairs as to be able to suggest a curtailment of expenses amounting to many millions.

In the senate yesterday a proposition was considered and referred, that congress adjourn June 12th. The Belknap impeachment, with closed doors, took up the remainder of the session. In the house the naval appropriation bill was considered up to the hour of adjournment. The house committee on foreign report of the sub-committee affecting General Schenek, but the members are agreed that, while he was not himself party with others in a speculative enterprise which resulted in great loss to British subjects, and that his becoming a director in the Emma mine company was altogether improper and incompatible with his position as American min-

tion to congress from California, purporting to emanate from stockholders in the managers of that line are accused of the grossest corruption and the most | render the passage of vehicles impassashameful swindling. The document reads like a chapter out of the history of entertainment of the Prince of Wales in the infamots cradit mobilier ring of the the city last night realized all expec-Union Pacific. It the statements made by the pelitioners are true-which remains to be shown-the boldness and The prince, accompanied by the princess magnitude of the frauds proved against and members of the royal family ar that combination are surpassed in the rived at Guildball soon after seven present instance. The charges are definite as to names, dates and figures; and it is due to the complainants that they should receive a hearing; and if the persons arraigned are innocent, they should be glad to improve the opening which is sion, were splendidly illuminated. There now afforded for an official investigation | was great cheering as the prince of the alleged scandals which have long slighted and passed been whispered about and hinted at.

On Taurs lay night the police, under orders, we suppose, from the commissloners, "raided," as the phrase goes, two noted hagnies, one on Washington street, the other on Center alley, and the result was a paltry fine of five dollars each levied upon the unfortunate women who find short-lived pleasure an evidence of India's loyalty to Engand early death by plying the worst land. The other speeches made warmly and most brutal of all trades. With all due respect for the commissioners, in whose good sense we have unimpaired confidence, this is not the way to abate what has grown to be a gross and off-neive nuisance. These library and temporary pavillon adjoinpeople must live, and will perhaps con- ing, was scarcely able to accommotinue to live as they now do, despite Mag lalen as ylums and the efforts of the good and virtuous of their own sex anxtus for their reformation. But if they must, we suggest to the commissloners that they be compelled, as in other cities, to herd together and ba forged off Main, Madison, Second and Washington, and other equally public thoroughfares. This much is due the virtuous and respectable people for whose protection laws are made,
and upon whom we rely for the mainand upon whom we rely for the maintenance of society and the support of

the formulation introduced an elementary education, introduced an elementary education biff. The measure
make the sacrifices. If to maintain this we
are compelled to make sacrifices, let us
make the sacrifices. What are men
in any agricultural or other labor before
worth who cannot make sacrifices in is due the virtuous and respectable peoand upon whom we rely for the maintenance of society and the support of good government. To harrass and animprisonments will not do this. The strong arm of the law, and lit's vigor, potency and power, should be directed to compelling an immediate evacuation of their present quarters for a piace more isolated, and where there offense which the difference must have a gradual number of times which the difference must have a gradually increased until 1881, and in gradually increased until 1881, and from the occurrence of a principle, and especially of the specially of the principle, and especially of the present quarters by raids, fines and imprisonments will not do this. The strong arm of the law, in all its vigor, potency and power, should be directed to compelling an immediate evacuation of their present quarters for a piace more isolated, and where there offense which the life of a prostitute daily confesses will not be so glaring as it is now. In no city in the civilized good government. To harrass and anny the poor creatures by raids, fines and imprisonments will not the strong srm of the law, in all residue and fifty days of the year for the strong srm of the law, in all residue of the strong srm of the law, or has passed an examinating of time to this day stands under the strong srm of the law, in the residue above all others, into gright of the constitution of the present quarters of the strong srm of the law, the strong srm of the law of the strong srm of the law, the strong srm of

graded, they appeal to us for sympathy. But the claims of decency outwaich this sympathy, and we feel it is a duty we

owe to the people to insist upon the closing of every bawdy house now known to exist in our most public and frequented thorough fares.

William Walker, Statistician of the New York Exchange, Censured

THE LARD FRAUD.

NEW YORK, May 19 .- The committee on information and statististics of the produce exchange have investigated the exchange on May 12th, over the signa-tures of Gaulard, Ponse & Bostwick, and report that that firm were not compilers of the report of the stock of lard, nor responsible for its publication, but that Samuel Wallace gave the figures to Wm. Welker, statistician of the ex-Lamar's district. They claim that their report without ascertaining its genuineness. The report also censures Mr. Walher for not suppressing the statement in the produce exchange weekly, and for and nearly all that portion bearing on district which has been represented by | not promptly notifying the chamber of | the State debt: commerce that he had discovered that the report of the stock was incorrect. Approximately correct accounts of the stock of lard in New York on May 12th show fifty-three thousand nine hundred tierces, and not seventy thousand, as re-

## ANOTHER STAGE ROBBERY.

Supposed to be by the James Brothers-

All Texas in Arms. GALVESTON, May 19 -Another daving stage robbery has been committed on the El Paso line. One stage and two backs, full of passengers, were stopped by three highwayman on the open prairie, eighteen miles west of Dallas. Before finishing their work another back full of passengers came up. On being ordered to stop, the driver put whip to his horses and escaped. Sev-eral shots were fired by the robbers, and one of them followed the back some distance. The fire was returned by the passengers, but no one was hurt. As soon as the robbers secured the booty, which is reported to amount to seven thousand dollars, they shot their own horses, mounted the best ones belonging to the stages, and rode off toward the Indian nation. From the description says that the irf rm at on received states them early this morning, on Graplaine

WELCOME TO WALES.

Immense Throng of People Around Guildhall—The Banquet and the Bail-English Royalty Reassured-Great Enthusiasm

LONDON, May 19 .- To-day having een fixed upon by the Prince of Wales for his visit to the city of London, after his return from India, most elaborate oreparations have been made for his entertainment. The stock exchange is closed; a banquet and ball will take clace this evening. There will be five undred guests at the banquet, and five thousand at the ball. Toe Guildhall which is to be the scene of festivilies, has been magnificently decorated, nearly all of the princes and princesses of the royal family, Disraell, and the other ministers of the government, and all the affairs have not yet finally acted on the great officers of state, will be present. The stree's adjacent to Guildhall, at our o'clock in the afternoon, will be closed to all vehicles, except the carriages of the guests. The members of guilty of intentional wrong, he was a the royal family are to arrive last, and will come by way of the Victoria embankment, Queen Victoria and Queen streets, reaching Guildhall at seven 'clock. The address of the corporation of London will be presented to the prince in a magnificent gold casket, after which will follow the banquet. The tensts to be offered are few, and the speeches will be brief. The ball is ancounced to begin at nine o'clock. The WE are in receipt of a copy of a peti- yard of Guildball has been entirely covered with a temporary structure, to be used as a ball-room. The lord mayor has requested that there be no illuminathe Central Pacific railroad, in which tions of houses on the streets, because

> tations, and was a most magnificent and successful sffair. The programme, as previously announced, was carried out, o'clock, after a triumphant gress through stree's crowded with spectators, who cheered enthusiastically as the carriages passed. The masses of people around Guildball were immerse. The venerable building and pavilion adjoining, erected for the occareception room. After receiving the address of the corporation the prince was escorted by the lord mayor to the main hall, where he sat down to a banquet with about five hundred of the most distinguished persons of the kingdom. After the cloth was removed, a few toasts were given, when the lord mayor proposed the health of his royal highness. The prince, replying, returned thanks. He instanced the warmth of his reception in India as expressed happiness at the safe return of the prince, and loyalty and devotion to the queen and the royal family. At the conclusion of the dinner a grand ball began. At its hight five thousand guests must have been present. The floor of the main ball, with that of the new date the large number assembled. The festivities were kept up to a late our, the prince retiring long before they were concluded. Thousands of people remained around the building un-

English Elementary Education Bill.

FINANCES.

A Tart and Biting Letter to the Republican State Convention Recently Assembled at Nashville.

The Ex-Senator Insists upon his Co-Laborers Taking an Unequivocal Position and Maintaining the State Credit.

He would rather Vote for an Honest Democrat than a Dishonest Republican who would Ruin our Credit.

Nashville Banner, 17th.1

A letter from Ex-Senstor Brownlow to the Republican State convention was read before that body to-day. We append the salient parts of the document,

re-establish the fabric of the State gov-ernment, which had been pulled down by secession Democracy; to sustain and maintain the honor and the good name of Tennessee by punctually paying the interest which had accrued upon her bonds and to establish the best system of free public instruction which the State has ever had; and you did all this in spite of every obstacle which the se cession Democracy could throw in your pathway. I will not trespass on your time in discussing all the questions of State and national policy which may arise in the coming contest. The leading issue in the next election in Tennessee is the disposition to be made of our State debt. The question must now be settled whether we will pay that debt or repudiate it, and on this issue I beg your indulgence, while I give at length expression to my opinions, and I will confine my remarks in this letter to that single issue, because it overshadows all others in our State election. I hope you will take an unequivocal position in the platform of principles you adopt, in favor of maintaining the credit and honor of Tennessee. If there is one word which every citizen of Tennessee should unite in abborring, it is the sinister word "repudiation." Repudiation is a disease which affects the vital orgiven, it is supposed that they are the same who recently captured the Same is moral turpitude, and its prognosis is same who recently captured the San Antonio stages. Mounted squads of men started in pursuit. A dispatch to the Galveston News from Forth Worth puts itself in the position of a penitentiary convict, who can never eradicate that a squad of ten men in pursuit of the the stain of his incarceration by any robbers were only ten minutes behind subsequent act of his life. So the dishonor of the State casts its shadow upon prairie. From the descriptions given, it all of her children. Every honest Tenis supposed that they are the James nessess will be held responsible for the draw the line of demarcation between those of us who wish to pay the State's debt and those who prevent us from doing it. The rate of repudiation is a domestic affair in which we must apportion the individual share of infamy among ourselves. With the outside world the case is simply "honbondholders vs. the State Tennessee." I have too long loved the fair fame of Tennessee to be willing at this late day to see it imper-

iled by a lack of good faith. The noble old commonwealth whose integrity was never doubted when repudiation lifted its brazen front in Pennsylvania, or when Jeff Davis led Mississippi into the same putrid slough, from the slime and sink of which that unfortunate State has never yet escaped, cannot now be permitted to follow such unfortunate examples. A State which has given three Presidents to the republic, and whose citizens have shared in their honors and dignities; a State whose citizens have periled their lives on every battlefield of the republic, justly winning for it the soubriquet of "the Volunteer State," and whose sons have ever felt proud of the name of Tennessean, cannot afford to allow thieves' epawn to breed, like alewives in the sur, till all the waters swarm with them and they check the good ship's progress. Does any man suppose that a national career will here. after be open to a Tennessean if the State should repudiate? No; the dcors of honest men will be closed against us, and wherever we should go we should be pointed at as "repudiators." The people of the United States know that we have had the benefit of the money, and have sufficient resources to meet all of our obligations if we have but the dis-

mass of the Republicans of Tennessee

are in favor of the payment of all of the

State's indebtedness in letter and spirit,

and, likewise, the better element of the

Democratic party, and for the good fame

of Tennessie I hope that the masses of

that party are of like faith. No Repub-

lican thief shall cram himself down our

throats in East Tennessee with the

clamor of pational issues, so if there be

any of that sort of cattle looking for

eferment, I admonish them that we

position to do so. "Larcenous lakes," "rogues' railroads," and "thieves' turnolkes" are precisely the sort of public additional crowds thus attracted, would of internal improvements. These are our assets for which the turnpike bonds LONDON, May 20 .- The reception and ford bonds under the act of 1851-2. We oike and railroad running through porpresperity, connecting towns and cities that owe their existence to them, and increasing the wealth and populaprecedented degree. In ten years the are aptly and truthfully epitomized in an excellent article of the Clarksville ournal of the State, edited by an exebel soldier. The creation of the State The main question in the coming camaign in Tennessee is one of integrity. We want only honest men elected to the legislature, who will see to it that State credit is put firmly on its feet again, so that a Tennessean may again lift up his head and go into decent society with-I would rather vote for out blushing. an honest Democrat than for a dishonest Republican, and I warn all repudiators who wish to steal their way into the legislature by appeal to party, that on this question in East Tennessee we know no party but the party of honest men. I am confident in the belief that the great

til daylight eager to catch a glimpee of the scene and of the gues's as they deand treat them accordingly, while the LONDON, May 19.-In the house of Democratic thief knows exactly what to commons last night Viscount Sandon, expect from us without further admonivice-president of the committee of countion. In this contest, I am for the honor

a stop to. In saying this we are not un- BROWNLOW ON STATE rity, and the independence of honesty, than demean himself to the level of

these political swindlers? There are some persons who profess to think that we are hopelessly bankrupt -that we cannot pay our debts. I do not agree with them. The resources of our State are ample to meet all our obligations. One reason why they are not producing as they ought, is because they are crippled by the threats of repudiation william G. Brownlow. Knoxviile, May 15, 1876.

#### PRESBYTERIAN.

Sabbatarian Resolutions Adopted the First Thing-Opposition to the Rational Enjoyments of

Mission to the Germans-Catholics Who Become Presbyterians Must be Repartized-Dancing and Balls - The Sunday -

New York, May 19.—The first half-hour of the Presbylerian general as-sembly was spent in devotional exercises. After the business meeting was called to order the standing committees were annunced by the moderator.
Official documents of the different presby:eries were then banded in, and Rev.
Dr. Prime offerent a series of resolutions declaring that the general assembly was It was your privilege to re-erect and in hearty sympathy with the objects of the Centennial exhibition, and recog-nizing the goodness of God to the pecple of the United States during its first century; in the fact that the commissioners having the exhibition in charge have concluded to close its gates on the Lord's day, such respect for the Sabbath is becoming a people whose God is law, and who has said, "the nation that honoreth me I will honor." The general assembly, therefore, unanimously and heartly gives expression to its earnest desire, that no influence may prevail to charge the resolution so worthy of the American people. These resolutions were adopted, and a committee of three appointed to go to Philadelphia to present them to the commis-

sioners. Rev. Dr. Adams read a report from the committee on the Reformed church, which was appointed at the last assem-bly to conf:r with similar committees of the general synod of the Reformed church in regard to a union of the two churches. He said they had come to no conclusion, although they were friendly disposed. The committee was

therefore discharged.

A memorial from Rev. Charles Knox, of Newark, was read and referred, relative to the German population of Amer-ica. It calls the attention of the assem-bly to this intelligent class, and points out the necessity of extending the mis-

sion in that quarter.

The chairman of the committee on the United Presbyterian church stated that he had written to that church, but had received no reply. The committee, at his request, was discharged. At the a ternoon session of the Pres-

byterian convention Rev. Mr. Breckinridge protested against the decision of trothers. The entire country is armed, acts of those who place their State in a the general assembly of 1865, which aland their capture is considered certain. dishonest attitude. People cutside of the State, who hold our bonds, cannot the State, who hold our bonds, cannot be captured by the state of the State, who hold our bonds cannot be captured by the state of the rian church without being repartized. Dr. Breckinridge claimed that such reconverted to religion. After some debate the protest was referred to a com-

mittea. Dr. Adams made an address and ofmittees on theological seminaries. It sider matters pertaining to themselves.

Dr. Adams was allowed to withdraw from his membership of the committee, and the committee was reorganized.

Drs. Aiken and Hurd also retired from Hendy, G. D. Steward, J. H. Schofield and Robert Craig.
The subject of church members at-

tending balls and dancing in promiscuous assemblages was discussed, and the matter referred to the committee on church policy. Full and complete reports, in printed orm, were received in regard to the

home and foreign missions, and were have been disposed of and no credit referred to the committee on missions. There was read a formal invitation from the Brocklyn Sunday-school union inviting the assembly to take part in the auniversary of the Sunday-schools in Brooklyn on Wednesday. The invita-tion was declined, as it would not be convenient for the delegates to attend, the rescalities of their predecessors in owing to the pressure of business. Ad-

A Candidate for Judge Lynch's Court ST Louis, May 17.-A dispatch to the Associated Press from Nashville, Illinois, gives an account of a terrible double muider committed at Johanesburg, Ilworks we shall have to show for the lines, this evening. It appears that a money we borrowed to build our works cooper, known as "The Californian," who has been there a short time, had a fight with a man whose name is not were issued in 1836, and most of the rail- given, in which he was worsted. He then armed himself with a revolver, have many hundreds of miles of turn- went to a store near by, put the pistol close to the head of Fritz Gundeman, tions of our State, which they have de- and shot him dead. He then went to veloped from a state of wilderness to one his home, and just as some citizens were preparing to arrest him, he appeared flourishing two revolvers, and threatened to kill anyone attempting to arrest tion of the regions traversed in an un- him. Constable Wilkin advanced to arrest him, and was shot through the alue of property in Tennessee, under brain and instantly killed. A number the impetus thus given, more than doub- of citizens, armed with shotzuns and led in value. The results of this system | revolvers, started in pursuit of the murderer, but were kept at a distance by the constant and rapid firing of the desper-Tobacco Leaf, a leading Democratic ado, and at last accounts he had not been captured. It also appears that the Californian fired three shots at Judge Moelidebt was no political matter, and its man, whom he met in the street, but payment must be no political matter. without effect. Gundeman, the first without effect. Gundeman, the first man killed, had nothing to do with the fight in which the Californian was engaged. The citizens are intensely ex-

cited, and if the murderer is captured he will be lynched. A New Conference Suggested. LONDON, May 18.-Lord Stratford DeRectiffe, for the ambassador of Great Britain at Constantinople, writes to the Times, recommending a scheme convention between the Sultan and the guaranteeing pow-ers for the establishment of religious equality, the proper administration of justice and the participation of chris-tians in the administration of public affairs throughout Turkey, the execution of these reforms to be intrusted to a mixed commission, the members of which shall be responsible to their restective governments.

The Kansas Democracy. TOPEKA, May 19.—The Democratic convention reached a vote on the platform reported last night, and it was adopted about midnight by a vote of 182 to 104, including instructions for Henwill find them out in East Tennessee | dricks. The following were elected delegates at large: Ex-Governor Wilson Sharrod, C. W. Blair, Isaac Eston and W. Taylor. Ex-United States Senator Ross was a member of the conven-

Report of the Congressional Committee Appointed to Investigate and Report Upon It.

Actual Proof of Improper Conduct by the Officers and Agents of the Bank-The District Thieves.

The Poor Freedmen Swindled While Canting Hypocrites go Unwhipped of Justice-How it was

I MEMPHIS TENN., SATURDAY, MAY 20, 1876.

WASHINGTON, May 19.—The com-mittee investigating the affairs of the Freedman's bank in their report set forth the evil doirgs of those connected with the robbery of the bank, and recommend that they be indicted and punished to the fullest extent of the law. They say the institution degenerated into a monstrous swindle, and was, almost from the start, a scheme of selfishness, under the guise of philanthropy, and to its confiding victims an in-corporate body of false pretenses. In adlition to the speculation rings, the District of Columbia government came in to basten and profit by the work of spollation. Its treasury was wholly unequal to the task of sustaining the mag-nificent expenditures of the board of public works, presided over by H. D. Cooke, and controlled by A. R. Shep-herd. Some exchequer must be found to advance the depreciated bonds and worthless auditor's certificates of the District or the contracts must fail, and the speculations of the pool and of Shepherd and his friends in cut-of-theway and unimproved town lots came to grief. The actual proof of improper conduct on the part of the officers and agents of the banks is shown in the tessisting of the Washington cabal, con-sisting of the president of the bank, D. L. Eaton; the actuary, H. D. Cooke; chairman of the fluence committee, W. S. Huntington, henchman of Cooke, and of the same commissioners, O O. Howard, honorary trustee, an office and position unknown to the charter; Lewis Cleppan, of the finance committee, and a few more, enough to constitute a uorum of nine. A majority of that, five, held high carnival over the freedmen's hard-earned and sweat-stained earnings, which in an evil hour they had been esjoled into trusting them with fer safe keeping and profitable investment. The freedmen were swindled out of their

money for the benefit of strangers, while canting bypocrites, who had de ceived them under spurious professions of regard for their race, and who have, undoubtedly, directly or indirectly, shared in the plunder, go unwhipped of justice. Proof of actual fraud and dishonesty is not wanting in the following instances: Jesse W. Vandenburg was a net of the District government: as a sort of protege and favorite. The conception of members was inconsistent, tract for grand public improvements and that all Catholics who enter the Presbyterian church should be treated the board of public works. The report the same as though they had never been says the securities on which Vanden burg borrowed money from the bank were not worth four cents a bushel as salable securities or as evidence of fered a resolution in substance that professors should not be appointed on committees on theological seminaries. It denburg a half interest in a one debt. The actuary of the bank himself. was inappropriate, as they had to cou- hundred thousand War contract for sawer-pines. Eaton put in no money of bilities, and had no trouble about it, ex-

cept to sign the receipts for his share of the profits, but he used the influence of the committee, and to fill the places of the retiring members the following gentlemen were chosen: Revs. John F. obtained was used to carry out the contract in which he was interested as a beneficiary. This may not be a steal, but as Vandenburg still owes the bank, according to the exhibit made by the books of that concern one hundred and forty-four thousand one hundred and sixty-four dollars, which, however, he disputes on the ground that some forty or fifty thousand dollars of his securities given him, the rest being hardly worth a contest about, the freedmen depositors have the consolation of knowing that they have been fleeced by an irregularity, to use a polite and exculpatory phrase employed by the present commissioners when compelled to allude to the management and control of the affairs of the bank. But the commission-

ers say that the Vandenburg-Eaton irregularities are small in actual criminality when compared with the Seneca sand-stone swindle. This bubble was a fancy stock gamble, gotten up by H. D. Cooke, J. L. Kidweil and H. H. Dodge, by which sixty-two thousand dollars of the freedmen's money were drawn out on worthless securities. Every one of the survivors in this gross fraud and conspiracy, namely, H. D. Cooke, Lewis Clephase, Hallet Kilbourne and J. O. Evans should be indicted, tried and punished to the extent of the law, while those who are responsible should be sued for the recovery of the money or good securities, consisting in part of twenty thousand delians on first mortgage bonds of the Maryland Freestone, mining and manufacturing company, of which the bank was robbed by the conspirators. George W. Stickney, the assistant actuary, and after Eaton, actuary of the bank, is shown to have been not only privy to the crooked transactions, but the principal actor in

others, of which a fraudulent conver-sion of funds to his own private use is one, and for which he merits, and should receive punishment. Add to the steal perpetrated on the bank by the officers and others, through the connivance of its officers, the act of forgery, as in the case of Barton, teller of the Washington branch, and the way the freedman's money went, is not difficult of comprehension. The report was signed by Douglas chairman; Stenger, Riddle, Hooker and Rainey. Mr. Frost agreed on all the

> SPORTING NEWS. The Louisville Races.

LOUISVILLE, May 19 .- Lovely weath-

main points, but dissented from some of

the arguments.

er, a large assembly, and entertaining sport were the features of to-day's racing. First Race.-Tennessee stake, dash of three-quarters of a mile; value \$1000, with \$100 to second horse. There were eleven starters, as follows: Princess. Belle Meade, M'Intyre's phaeton colt and Classmate, Spring-Branch, M' Wharter, Miss Ella, Cairo, Felicia, Giennella, and Headlight. Much difficulty was experienced at the start, making at less! a dozen attempts before the horses got off. M'Intyre's entry and Buford's M'Wharter showed a disposition to lead. and by the time the horses did get off the latter was killed so far as the race was concerned. The favorites, Classmate and Spring-Branch, were the last to get started. Surgert's Cairo led at the

FREEDMAN'S BANK SWINDLE. cup, value \$250; dash of a mile and oneeighth: four starters—Misdeal, Greno-ble, Small Hopes, and Dr. Standford. The first named won easily in 2:014,

Grenoble second, and Small Hopes third. Misdeal was ridden by Leslie Combs, jr., of Lexington. Fourth Race,-Grit, Glasgow and The Nipper started in the last race, a dash of a mile and a quarter, for the Louisville hotel stake, value \$800. Grit was the favorite and led from the outset, and won handsomely in 2:12; the others never leading him.

### NORTHERN METHODISTS.

The Difficulties with the Southern Church to be Adjusted-The Reformed Episcopatians-Etc.

BALTIMORE, May 19 .- In the Mathodist general conference to-day a resolu-tion to amend the discipline so as to provide for the expulsion of members of the church who rent buildings for the sale of intoxicating drinks was laid to Miss Sweet. Biskely was honestly over till to-morrow. General Fisk, from the committee to

a committee of three ministers and two laymen to meet a similar commission authorized by the Methodist Episcopal church south and adjust ail difficulties.

J. M. Reid, of Michigan, was elected corresponding missionary secretary, re-calving 238 votes of the 309 cast. A motion to reconsider the action of the conference transferring the publica-

tion and control of the Pittsburg Christian Advocate to the book concern at New York led to a prolonged discussion, and was isid over to receive formally Bishop Cummius, of the Reformed Episcopal church. The bisnop was warmly welcomed, and delivered an eloquent address, saying that all he was he owed to Methodism. At the conclusion of the address

there was prolonged applause, and resolutions were adopted that a fraternal messenger be sent to the Reformed The matter of the Pittsburg Christian Advocate was resumed, and the conference finally reversed its action, trans-

ferring its publication and management to the New York book concern.

The report of the book committee relaive to changing the name of the Ladies' Repository, and the general scope and character of that magszine, investing the editor of the wesiern book concern, western section book committee and editor of the Reporter with authority to " make such change, was taken up and

The conference elected Rev. R. Nelson and Rev. L. Hitchcock as treasurer and assistant treasurer respectively of the missionary societies. Adjourned.

## LYNCH LAW THREATENED.

The People of Lagrange, Ky., Threaten est. to go to Louisville and Lynch a Prisoner.

LOUISVILLE, May 19 .- A dispatch from Lagrange, Kentucky, to the chief of police says that men are organizing come to Louisville and hang Ben Mickey, a prisoner charged with murder. Mickey is a bad character, and has assassinated four men, the last one at Lagrange a week ago.

LOUISVILLE, May 19-Midnight. The entire police force has been ordered on duty to prevent the Lagrange mob from hanging Mickey. Other dispatches say that one hundred and ninety men have left Lagrange for the Louisville jail. The police and military are on duty and ready to arrest the men as soon as they come. The police number one hundred and eighty and the military one hundred.

TELEGRAMS.

Queenstown, May 19: The steamer Scythia has arrived from New York. Farther Point, Msv 19: The steamer Corinthian has arrived from Glasgow. London, May 19: For want of a quorum there was no session to-day of the house of commons.

New York, May 19: Arrived-Steamers Goethe, from Hamburg, and Oder, from Bremen. Liverpool, May 19: N. & A. Strachirie, large Greek cotton house, has sus-

pended. Liabilities unknown. London, May 19: The funeral of the murdered consuls took place in Salonica to-day with great ceremony. Perfect order was maintained.

Omaha, Neb., May 19: David Anderon, one of the oldest settlers living near Columbus, Nebrasks, was shot this morning on his farm by a neighbor named John M'Pherson. St. Paul, May 19: General Williams, a

sota regiment and general in the late war, is past recovery, and expected to die to-night. f Natick, successor of Forger Winslow, from the fourth Massachusetts sen-

atorial district, has fled, having appropriated three thousand dollars, funds of the town of Natick. Detroit, May 19: At noon to-day

dentally shot Mrs. J. Coben, on Patton town, attacked the christian quarters street, inflicting a serious, but it is believed not fatal wound. Cincinnati, May 19: The north-bound

train on the Maysville and Lexington railroad broke through a bridge near Millersburg to-day, wrecking one passenger car and baggage car. passengers were injured, some seriously. Burglar Captured

CINCINNATI, May 19 .- About four clock this morning the wife of W. H. Widdefield, residing on Richmond street, was awakened by a man climbin the second-story sleeping-room window, and gave the alarm, which woke her husband. The bu glar in the meantime dropped to the ground, and Mr. Widdefield seizing a revolver, ran to the other window, where he saw three or four men in his yard. The latter opened fire on him, without effect, but he succeeded in shooting one man in the groin. His comrades carried him some distance through the streets and alleys, but were finally forced to leave him. owing to anothere slarm raised by the inmates of a house near where they stopped. The wounded man was cap tured by the police and taken to the Commercial hospital. He gives the name of Morris Ward, a New Orleans thief, but refuses to give the names of

Poor Mr. Lo!

his companions.

CHEYENNE, May 19.—The last two companies of the Second cavalry for Crook's expedition left Fort Russell this morning. They will cross the river at Laramie and march up the north side, to be joined by the troops which leave the railroad at Medleine Bow. The whole force will leave Fetterman about Wednesday morning,

WASHINGTON.

The Sweet-Blakely Imbroglio-Campbell, Babcock's Father-in-Law, Pays Back \$2600 to Miss Sweet.

Cabinet Meeting Over the English Question and the Situation in Louisiana-The Pacific Roads.

The Sweet-Blakely Swindle.

WASHINGTON, May 19.-B. H. Campbell, United States unstable for the northern district of I lines, testified before the civil service committee to-day. His testimony was mimost purely similar to the matter contained in his letter eand dollars, and not first him that Miss which was referred the communication from the Methodist Episcopal church him two theu and one hundred and filfrom the Methodist Episcopai country south, presented a resolution that in order to remove all obstacles to formal der to remove all obstacles to formal knowledge or intimation that it had anything to do with her appointment as a south of the only learned this pension agent. He only learned this during the past few weeks, and had paid the entire amount to Min Sweet.

Matamores in Fereign Hands. A private telegram was read in the cabinet to-day stating that Matamoros had been turned over to the American and German consule

The Louisiann Investigation The committee on Federal offices met again to-day, and G. W. Ferguson con-tinued his testimony in regard to the importation of one hundred and forty thousand cigars. Witness admitted that most of his information was derived from other parties. Upon being asked if he knew anything about any fraudu-lent pay-rolls, he declined to answer, as t might criminate himself, but he subquently admitted seeing fraudulent pay-rolls in 1874, and said money was drawn on them. J. M. Wilson appeared

as counsel for Collector Casey. The Pacific Railroads. The house judiciary committee to-day adopted the resolutions to amend the Knott and Lawrence bill regarding the Pacific railroads, so that when reported for passage it shall contain substantially the following provisions: That the sink-ing fund to be paid by the Union Pacific railroad company be fixed at seven hundred and fifty thousand dollars per aunum for the first ten years, and one million dollars per annum -thereafter, until the whole debt and interest be paid, the sums to be exclusive of the five percent. net earnings and government freight, both of which, as they accrue, shall be credited to the companies on account of their indebtedness to the United States. A sinking fund of a proportionate amount shall also be created in the same way by the Central Pacific railroad company, and all other Pacitic railroad companies for which the government has is sued subsidy bonds and advanced inter-

England and Louislana in the Cabinet The cabinet was in session to-day for two hours. The note just received from Earl Derby, upon the Winslow extradition case, was a subject of attention. The document was read to the members by Secretary Fish, and at the conclusion of the reading a general conversation ensued on the subject matter of the com-munication. Fish will soon reply to Earl Darby, and while it is not learned what the exact nature of the response from the government will be, it can neverthe less be said that the position already held will be adhered to. The tenor of the conversation to-day was of a character to indicate very clearly that the duty of this government lies in the abrogation of our extradition with Great Britain, though this depends on the British note in reply to the next dispatch from the secretary of state to Earl Derby.

The condition of affairs in Louisians was also a subject of attention in the cabinet meeting to-day, though no ac-tion was taken. A telegram was read from General Augur to General Sheridan, mentioning the receipt of instructions from General Sherman, and further saying that the troops are already instructed to prevent open violence and as far as possible, afford protection to all requiring it. Bascom, at Bayou Sara, legraphs this morning that the disturbances are over. They were princi-

pally in Mississippi. Secretary Bristow was detained at home to-day by sickness, and the treas-ury department was represented at the meeting by Assistant Secretary Conant. With this exception all the members were present.

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THE EAST.

England's Reasons for Refusal. COLOGNE, May 19.-The news from London published here gives us the reasons for England's refusal to adhere to the memorandum of the Berlin conferderman, second Territorial governor of ence, which are that the proposals re-Minnesota, Colonel of the first Minnequire from the Porte what is unreasonable, and that England wishes to remain unfettered in whatever course future events may take. It is added that Eng-Boston, May 18: Hon. Newton Morse, land, however, will not advise the sultan to reject the proposals.

Another Massacre. LONDON, May 19.—A special from Paris to the Daily Telegraph says that a report has been received there that the Mussulman inhabitants of Piedor in boy aged fifteen years, while shooting Bosnia, under a pretext that a number at a target with an old musket, acciof christians were about to quit the and massacred one hundred persons, I cluding women and children. Turkish troops afterward occupied the place and made numerous arrests. The Times's Paris dispatch says that it is expected the widows of the murdered consuls will each receive two hundred thousand dol-

Attention, Encampment Guards.

REGULAR meeting of Encamp-ment Guards, No. 1, L. O. O. F., will be held in Trustees Room, Odd Fellows Hall, this (SATUR-DAY) evening, at 8 o'clock. By order P. BINGSAM, Captain. THOS. B. BINGSAM, Secretary.

NOTIOE.

PICNIC of the Second Presbyterian Sunds; School will take place at Mitchell's Pars Miss, and Tenn. R. To-DAY (Saturday May 20th. All meet at depot instead of church), at 8 a m. Send supplies to the church

Bankruptey Sale

A the duly appointed assignee of said bankropt's estate, I will sell, on Saturday, June 10, 1876, at ten o'clock a.m. of said day, in front of my office, No. 19 Madison street, Memphis, Tenn., all the right, title, estate and interest, legal and equitable, which belonged to said bank-rupt at the date of filing his petition in bank-ruptey. In and to the following described property: The north maif [3] of the south naif [3] of the northeast quarter [34] of section twenty-eight [38], township thirty-eight [38], north of range fourteen [14], east of third principal meridian, in the county of Gook, owner, that Daile

In the matter of A. B. Newkirk, Eankrupt.

DELIGHTFUL SUMMER SESORT.

o, WOOLDEIDGE

GRAND HOTEL. POINT CLEAR, ALABAMA

Confederate Monumental Prome nade Cencert.

VOL 36, NO 122

#F HEALED BIDS FOR THE PRIVILEGES of the Promenade Concert, at the Exposition Suiding on the evening of June 1st prox., will be received by me, at the Cotton Exchappe, between the hours of twelve and one e'clock, until the 25th inst.

> P. W. SEMMES, Chm'n Committee. CHANCERY SALE

-0F-Real Estate.

No. 239, N. R.—Chancery Court of Shelby county, Tennessee.—H. Schafer et al., for use, etc., vs. R. B. Stephens et al.

D'y victue of an interiocutory decree for sale

D'entered in the above cause on the 17th day of May, 1876, I will sell, at public auction, to the highest bidder, in front of the Clerk and Master's office, Courthouse Huilding, Main street, Memphis, Tenn., on

Saturday, June 10, 1876,

within legal hours, the following described property, situated in shelby county, Tennessee, near White Station, on the South side thereof and described as follows, via: Beginning at a stake on the northwest corner of a 20 acre inthe nerthwest corner of a 20 acre inthe nerthwest corner of a 20 acre inthe retolore sold by H. Schafer, Catharine Schafer and Mary Knapp to Ledbetter and Gainer; and running thence south with the west line of said Ledbetter and Gainer; tract? chains and 98 links to a stake; thence westwardly of said Ledicetter and Gainer's tract 9 chains and 90 links to a Stake; thence westwardly parallel with the west line of the Memphis and Charlesson Kaliroad It chains and 35 links to a stake; thence north 6 chains and 15 links to a stake in the center of the Memphis and Germantown Plankroad; thence west with said plankroad 10 chains to the beginning—contaming about 7 acres, more or less.

Terms of Sale—On a credit of six (6) months; note with approved scentrily required of purchaser, etc. This May 10, 1876.

Ev. R. J. Black, Deputy C. and M.

H. C. King, Solicitor.

PEREMPTORY PUBLIC SALE -0F-

Vance Street Residence and Building Lots.

THROUGH my agents, Trezevant & Co., I will sell, to the highest bidder, at public vale, on

Thursday, May 25th, at 12 o'clock, on the southwest corner of Main and Madison streets, the property now sweed by me, stu-ated on the north side of Vance street, east of ated on the north side of value street, east of DeSolo. The house is No. 214 Vance street, and is a one-story frame, having 8 or 10 rooms. The lot to be sold with the house is 5s feet front by a depth of 150 feet, has a nice front yard, handsome shade and fruit trees, rosefront by a depth of 189 feet, has a nice front yard, handsome shade and fruit trees, rose-bushes and grapevines, with a side carriage-way leading to the rear; good cistern, stable, etc. A more particular description is deemed unnecessary, as purchasers are invited to examine the premises, which will be abown by the persons now in charge. The adjoining 160 feet of beautiful level ground will be divided and soid in two lots of Se feet each. Terms of Sale—Half cash, balance 6 and 12 months, with interest secured by deed in trust—the purchaser is pay the laxes of 1870. A deposit of ten per cent on the bid will be required at the time of sale. Proposals for the purchase of the property on private terms will be received until day of sale. I place the property on the market to be sold, and there will be no backoost on my past, if there are any bids that mean business. WILLIAM COX.

Yellow Sulphur Springs

In Montgomery County, Va., Near Christiansburg Depot, on the Atlantic, Mississippi and Onio Railroad, Open for Visitors from Pirst Jane to

TERMS:

rice, or according to accommodation.
Liberal arrangements made with families. Tilk members of the Tennessee Association of Mexican veterans are hereby notified that a meeting of said Association will be held at the office of Pillow & Pillow, on Saturday, 20th 1985, at 11 sm, to see what arrangements can be effected with the railroads rangements can be elected with the rathrown in regard to our passage to the Centennial. GID. J. PILLOW, President Tenn. Ass'n Mexican Veterans. Memphis, May 17, 1878.

DISSOLUTIONS

DISSOLUTION.

NEW FIRM. I. F. PETERS & CO.

309 Main Street, Under Peabody Botel \_\_Memphis, Tenn.

LIQUORS. C. DICKMANN.

WINE AND LIQUOR

DEALER. No. 357 Front Street,

MEMPHIS, :: TENNESSEE. SAIL MAKERS.



FOR FALE.

95 Camp St., NEAR POYDRAS, New Orleans, La.

ROE HERRING! FLOUR! LARD!

25 half barrels Roe Herring, 25 tierces Canvased Hame, 50 boxes Canvased Breakfast Bacon, 1000 buckets Fairbanks's Lard, 50 tlerees Fairbanks's Lard,

25 balf barrels Fairbanks's Lard. 50 cs. Fulrbanks's Lard, in 6 & 3 tine, 200 boxes Candles, 100 barrels Silvermoon Meal, 300 barrels Silvermoon Flour.

OLIVER. FINNIE & CO. CORD-WOOD.

500 CORDS BEST QUALITY STOVE wood \$4.50 to \$5 per cord, delivered, inquire at levee, foot of Union street, or on JOS. ROSLES, Commission Merchant,